

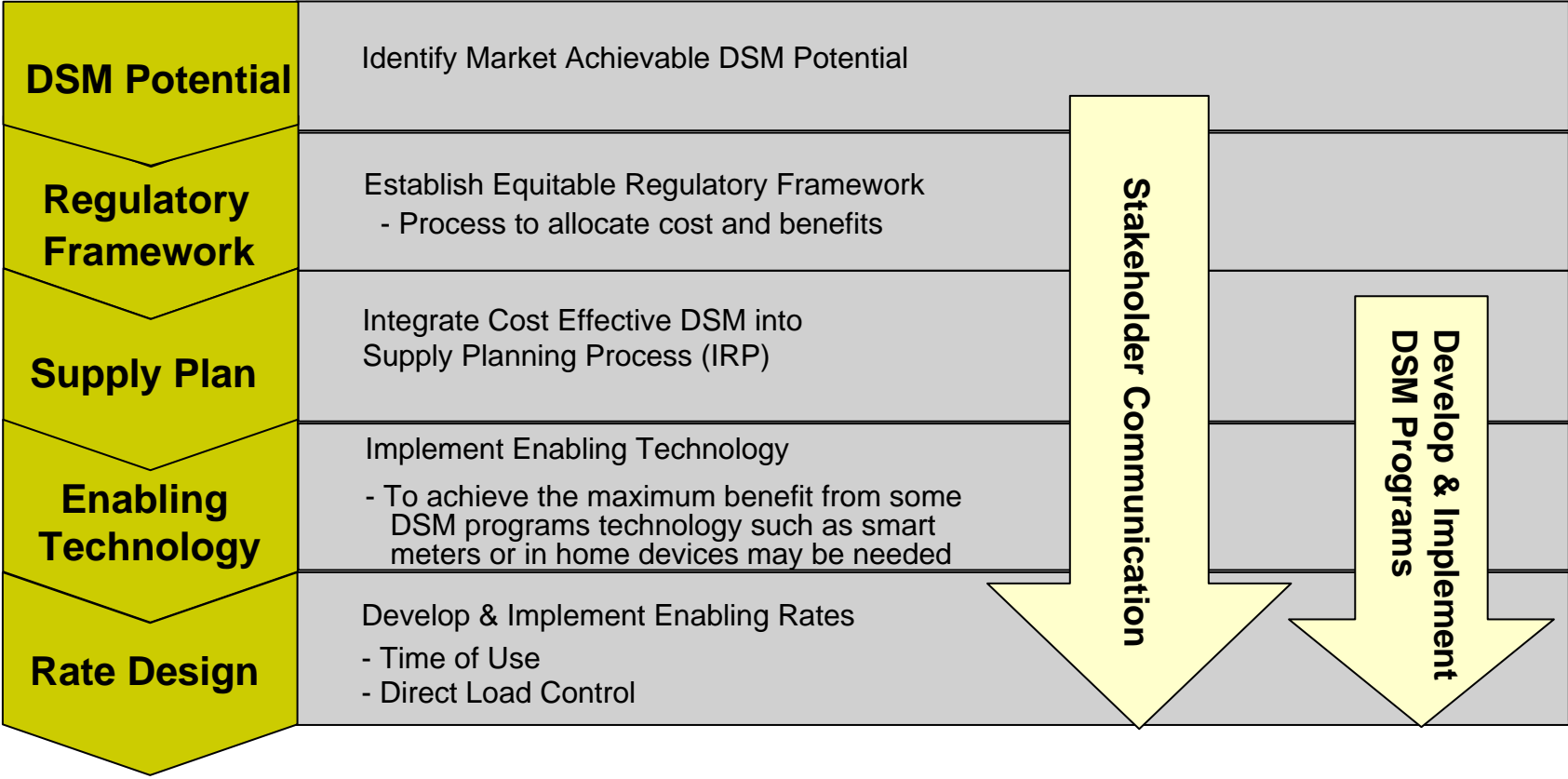
Helping to Meet Future Energy Needs

Through Cost Effective Demand Side Management



January 13, 2009

Key Steps to Develop and Implement an Integrated DSM Strategy



Market Scenarios / Assumptions to Measure DSM Potential

	Low case	Reference case	High case
Gas price	\$5.0 / MMBtu	\$7.60 / MMBtu	\$12.0 / MMBtu
CO ₂ price	\$10 / ton by 2020	\$25 / ton by 2020	\$50 / ton by 2020
New capacity cost	\$350 / kW	\$680 / kW	\$850 / kW
Net to gross ratio	Same as reference	80%	Same as reference
Program cost	+20%	Baseline	-20%
Participation level	-10%	Baseline	Baseline +
Incentive level	3 yr payback capped at 50% measure	2 yr payback capped at 75% measure	1 yr payback capped at 100% measure (or best judgment by ICF)

Assumptions on key input variables were modified to create three market scenarios. The DSM potential study modeled all three scenarios and detailed results were produced for each scenario.

ENO – Estimated 10 Year DSM Potential

	Energy			Demand			10 Year Cumulative Program Cost (Thousands)
	Cumulative mWh Saved over 10 Years	% of Total Energy Forecast	% of Sales Growth	Cumulative mW Saved over 10 Years	% of Total Demand Forecast	% of Demand Growth	
Low	57,829	1.2%	16.8%	40	4.4%	32.2%	\$18,061
Reference	114,565	2.3%	33.5%	73	7.9%	58.6%	\$37,044
High	171,499	3.4%	50.1%	102	11.2%	82.4%	\$71,115

Key Takeaways:

- The estimated 10 year DSM potential assumes that all cost effective DSM programs are fully funded and implemented
- The range of DSM potential estimates in the Low, Reference and High scenarios are driven by the key assumptions that define these scenarios as shown on the previous slide
- These DSM potential estimates are derived from a bottoms up engineering analysis and actual results may vary based on regional market forces that may only be identified through DSM program pilots and full scale program implementation

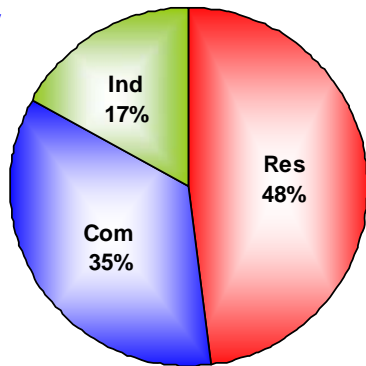
ENOI - Cumulative Energy/Demand Saved Over 10 Yrs

Low Scenario

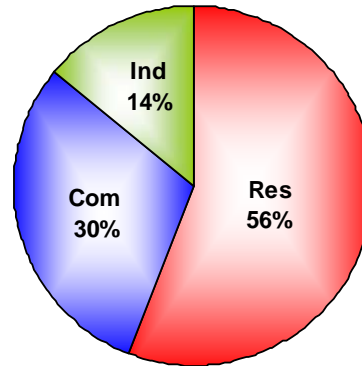
Reference Scenario

High Scenario

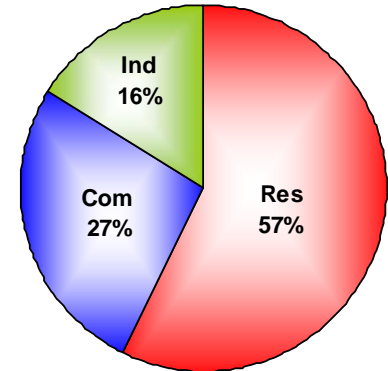
Energy
mWh



57,829 mWh

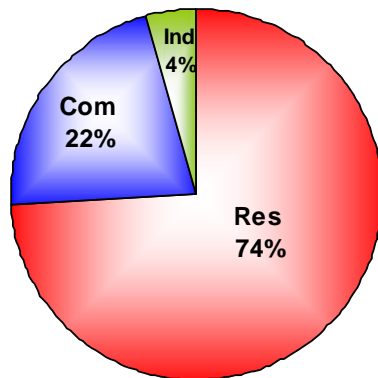


114,565 mWh

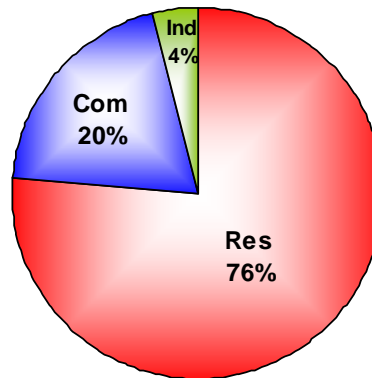


171,499 mWh

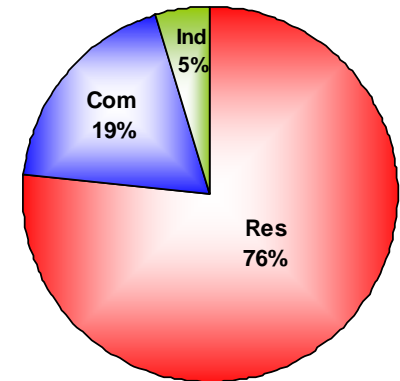
Demand
mW



40 mW



73 mW



102 mW

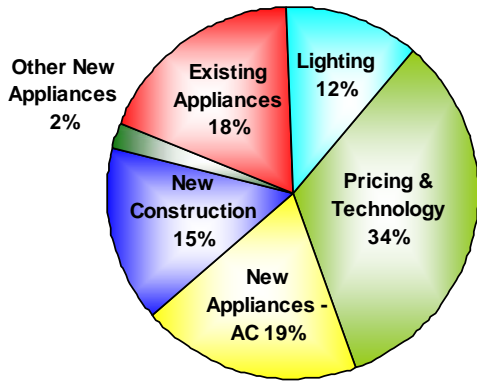
ENOI - Reference Scenario – DSM Energy/Demand Saved Over 10 Yrs

Residential

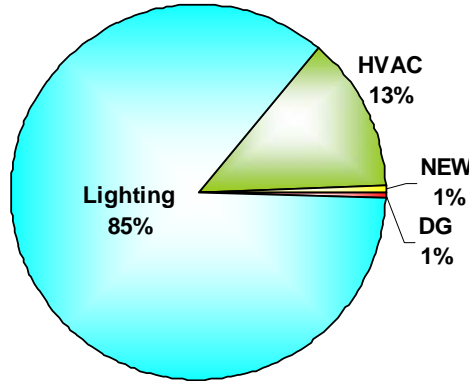
Commercial

Industrial

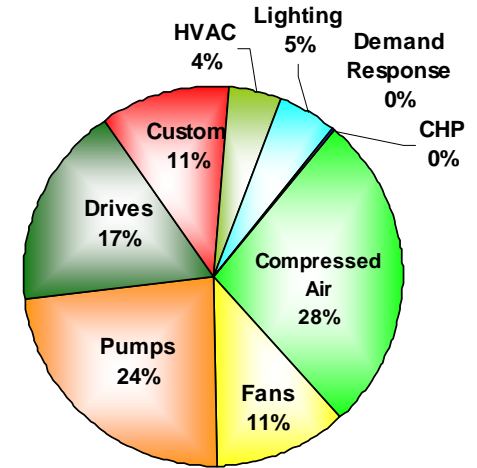
Energy
mWh



64,156 MWH

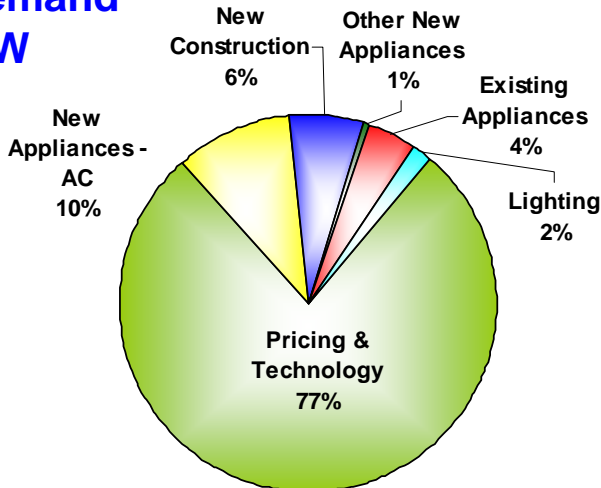


34,370 MWH

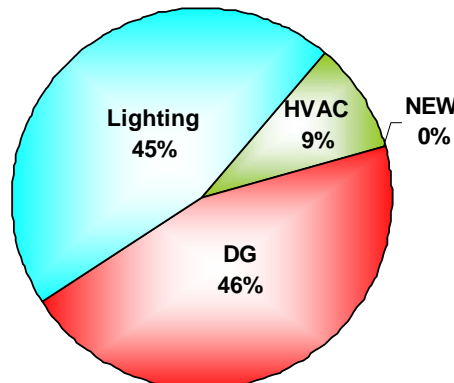


16,039 MWH

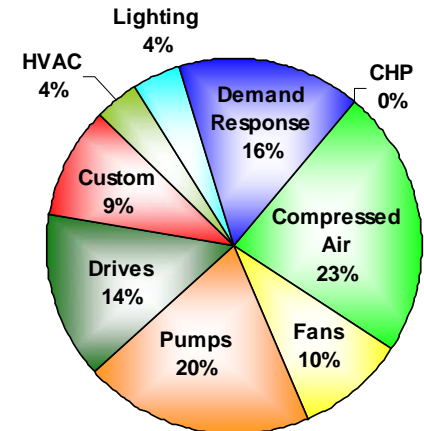
Demand
mW



55 MW



15 MW



3 MW

ENOI - 10 Year Programs Ranked by Energy MWh Potential

Reference Scenario

	Program	Energy mWh Potential	Shared %	TRC	PCT	RIM	UCT	10 Year Cumulative Program Cost (Thousands)
Residential	In-Home Display	10,133	15.9%	4.1	0.0	0.7	4.0	\$2,194
	DHW System - Setpoint, Insulation, Low Flow	9,931	15.5%	6.9	18.2	0.6	17.3	\$270
	New Construction	9,813	15.4%	1.2	1.9	0.8	6.3	\$2,042
	Appliances - Window AC	7,571	11.8%	1.6	3.2	0.7	3.1	\$1,728
	Lighting	7,440	11.6%	2.6	12.0	0.6	4.0	\$248
	TOU - Enabling	6,785	10.6%	2.2	0.0	0.7	1.3	\$4,983
	HVAC Equipment	4,626	7.2%	1.0	2.3	0.6	1.3	\$4,741
	TOU - No Enabling	3,393	5.3%	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.7	\$2,152
	HVAC System - AC Tuneup	1,793	2.8%	2.2	3.2	0.9	5.6	\$245
	Performance Benchmarking	1,080	1.7%	1.6	0.0	0.4	1.5	\$306
	Refrigerator Turn-In	854	1.3%	2.5	3.0	0.3	2.1	\$121
	DHW Equipment	497	0.8%	2.3	5.5	0.6	6.7	\$51
	DR	0	0.0%	1.9	0.0	1.1	1.1	\$11,477
	Total	63,917						
Commercial	Lighting	29,322	85.4%	2.9	6.8	0.6	5.8	\$3,496
	HVAC	4,550	13.3%	3.7	7.2	0.8	6.0	\$802
	NEW	231	0.7%	5.1	10.0	0.7	15.1	\$15
	DG	219	0.6%	7.6	3.0	2.9	6.1	\$902
	Total	34,322						
Industrial	Compressed Air	4,452	27.3%	4.5	8.7	0.7	13.2	\$173
	Pumps	3,828	23.4%	3.3	6.4	0.7	9.6	\$207
	Drives	2,804	17.2%	2.6	5.0	0.7	7.2	\$213
	Fans	1,838	11.3%	2.0	3.9	0.7	5.3	\$180
	Custom	1,819	11.1%	2.3	5.0	0.7	4.4	\$266
	Lighting	832	5.1%	3.4	6.2	0.7	7.1	\$75
	HVAC	722	4.4%	2.1	4.0	0.7	5.7	\$81
	Demand Response	32	0.2%	6.0	4.2	1.9	3.1	\$76
	CHP	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0
Total	16,327							\$1,270

The high lighted measures overlap with the 2009 ENO energy efficiency programs.

ENOI - 10 Year Program Ranked by Demand MW Potential

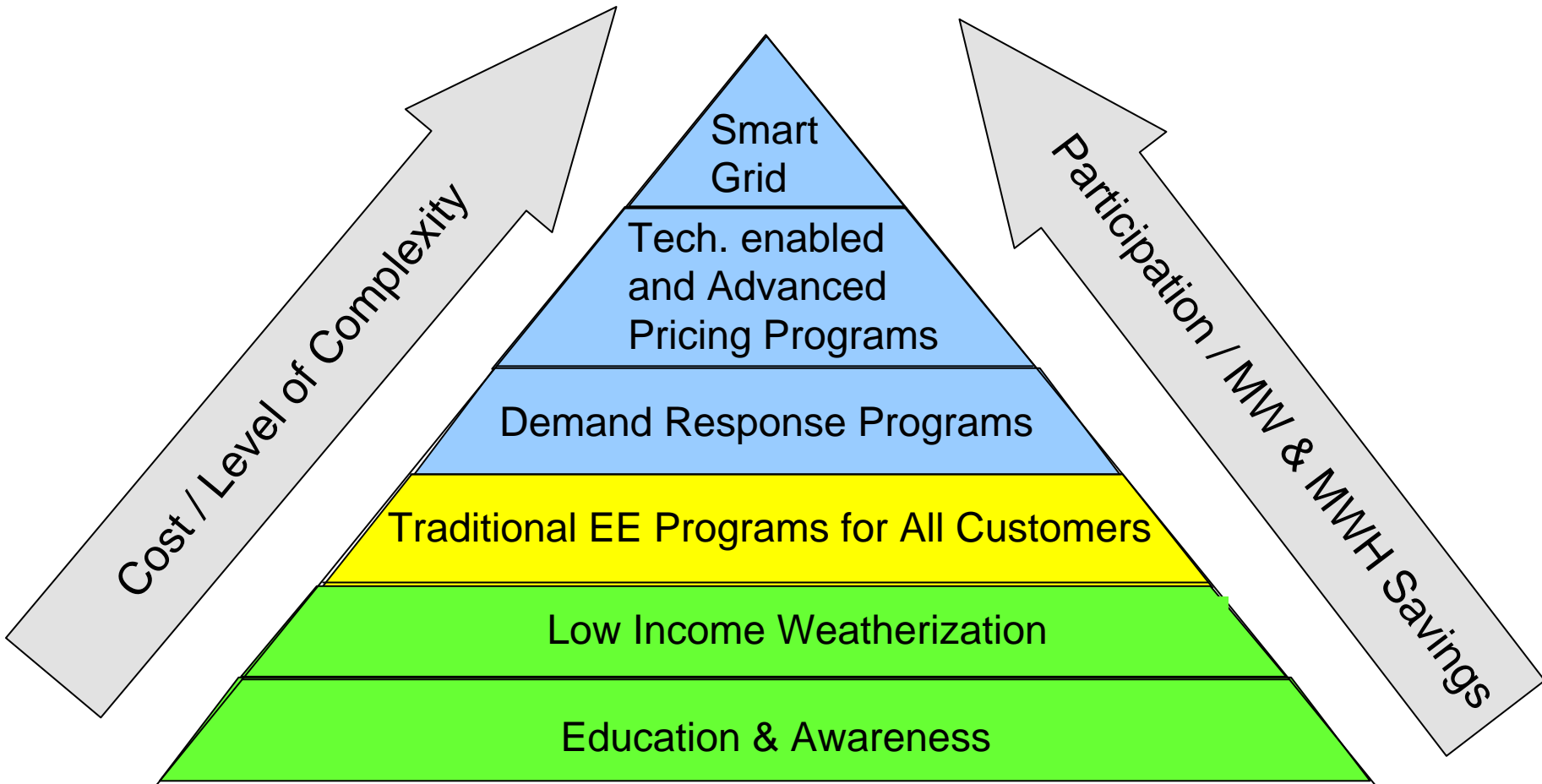
Reference Scenario

	Program	Demand mW Potential	Shared %	TRC	PCT	RIM	UCT	10 Year Cumulative Program Cost (Thousands)
Residential	DR	27	48.8%	1.9	0.0	1.1	1.1	\$11,477
	TOU - Enabling	9	15.8%	2.2	0.0	0.7	1.3	\$4,983
	In-Home Display	5	9.6%	4.1	0.0	0.7	4.0	\$2,194
	New Construction	4	6.3%	1.2	1.9	0.8	6.3	\$2,042
	Appliances - Window AC	3	5.2%	1.6	3.2	0.7	3.1	\$1,728
	HVAC Equipment	3	4.9%	1.0	2.3	0.6	1.3	\$4,741
	TOU - No Enabling	1	2.4%	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.7	\$2,152
	DHW System - Setpoint, Insulation, Low Flow	1	2.4%	6.9	18.2	0.6	17.3	\$270
	HVAC System - AC Tuneup	1	2.1%	2.2	3.2	0.9	5.6	\$245
	Lighting	1	1.5%	2.6	12.0	0.6	4.0	\$248
	Refrigerator Turn-In	0	0.4%	2.5	3.0	0.3	2.1	\$121
	Performance Benchmarking	0	0.4%	1.6	0.0	0.4	1.5	\$306
	DHW Equipment	0	0.1%	2.3	5.5	0.6	6.7	\$51
	Total		56					
Commercial	Lighting	6	45.4%	2.9	6.8	0.6	5.8	\$3,496
	DG	6	45.1%	7.6	3.0	2.9	6.1	\$902
	HVAC	1	9.3%	3.7	7.2	0.8	6.0	\$802
	NEW	0	0.2%	5.1	10.0	0.7	15.1	\$15
	Total		14					
Industrial	Compressed Air	1	23.0%	4.5	8.7	0.7	13.2	\$173
	Pumps	1	19.8%	3.3	6.4	0.7	9.6	\$207
	Demand Response	0	15.8%	6.0	4.2	1.9	3.1	\$76
	Drives	0	14.5%	2.6	5.0	0.7	7.2	\$213
	Fans	0	9.5%	2.0	3.9	0.7	5.3	\$180
	Custom	0	9.4%	2.3	5.0	0.7	4.4	\$266
	Lighting	0	4.3%	3.4	6.2	0.7	7.1	\$75
	HVAC	0	3.7%	2.1	4.0	0.7	5.7	\$81
	CHP	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	\$0
	Total		3					

DSM Potential Study – Key Takeaways

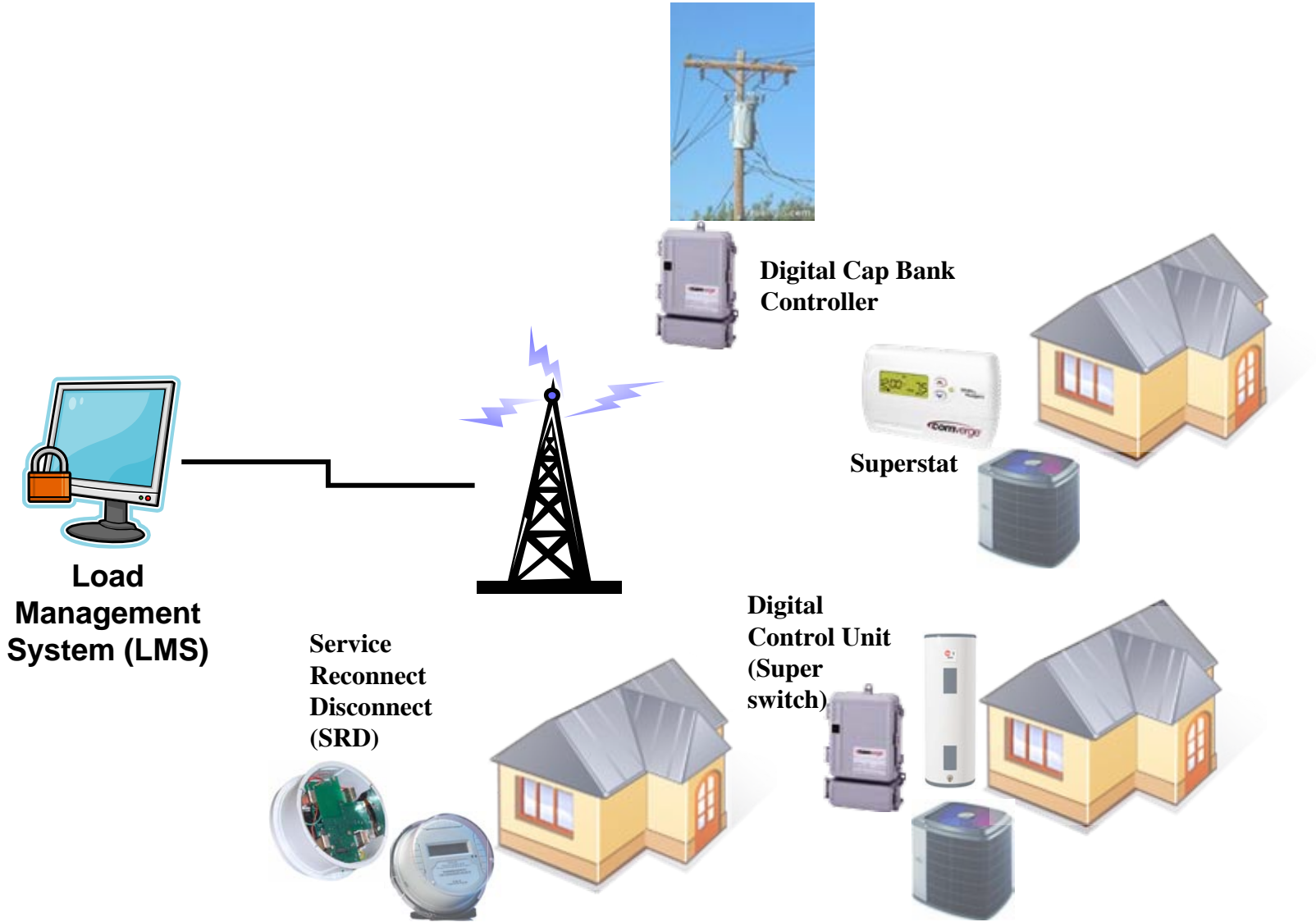
- The estimated DSM potential numbers resulting from this study are developed for planning purposes and represent all identified cost- effective achievable potential.
- The study also assumes that all cost effective measures across all customer classes are implemented in year one and run for ten years.
- It is more likely that DSM programs will be implemented in phases to better manage program design, market roll out, education and awareness and to maintain a manageable number of DSM programs
- A scaled approach to DSM implementation has several benefits:
 1. Allows the proper level of focus on new programs to drive greatest probability of success
 2. Limits customer confusion of having too many DSM programs introduced at the same time
 3. Provides opportunities to incorporate implementation learning's from previous program roll outs
 4. It doesn't overwhelm potential partners such as trade allies and allows for appropriate training / certification
 5. Provides the opportunity to scale or ramp DSM funding requirements

Building a Comprehensive DSM Platform



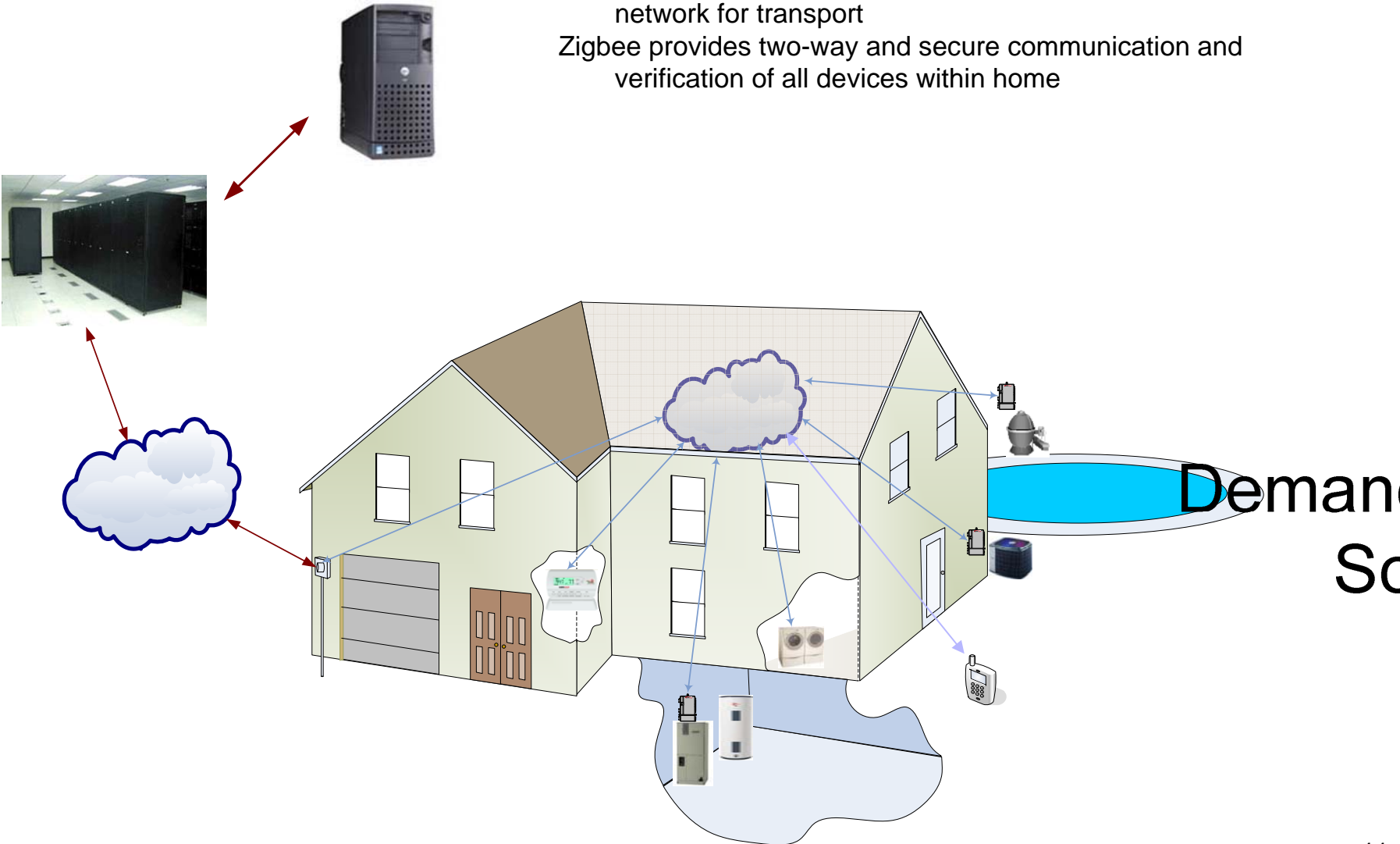
-  **Underway**
-  **Planned – Limited Scale in 2009**
-  **Future Programs – Timing Based on Investment Approval and the Rate of Technology Development**

One-Way Demand Response System



Two-Way AMI DR Solution

Demand Response commands and responses use the AMI network for transport
Zigbee provides two-way and secure communication and verification of all devices within home



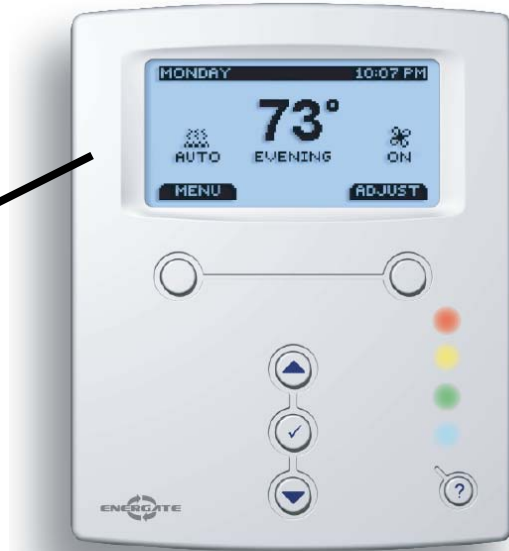
Demand
So

Technology Enabled and Advanced Pricing Programs

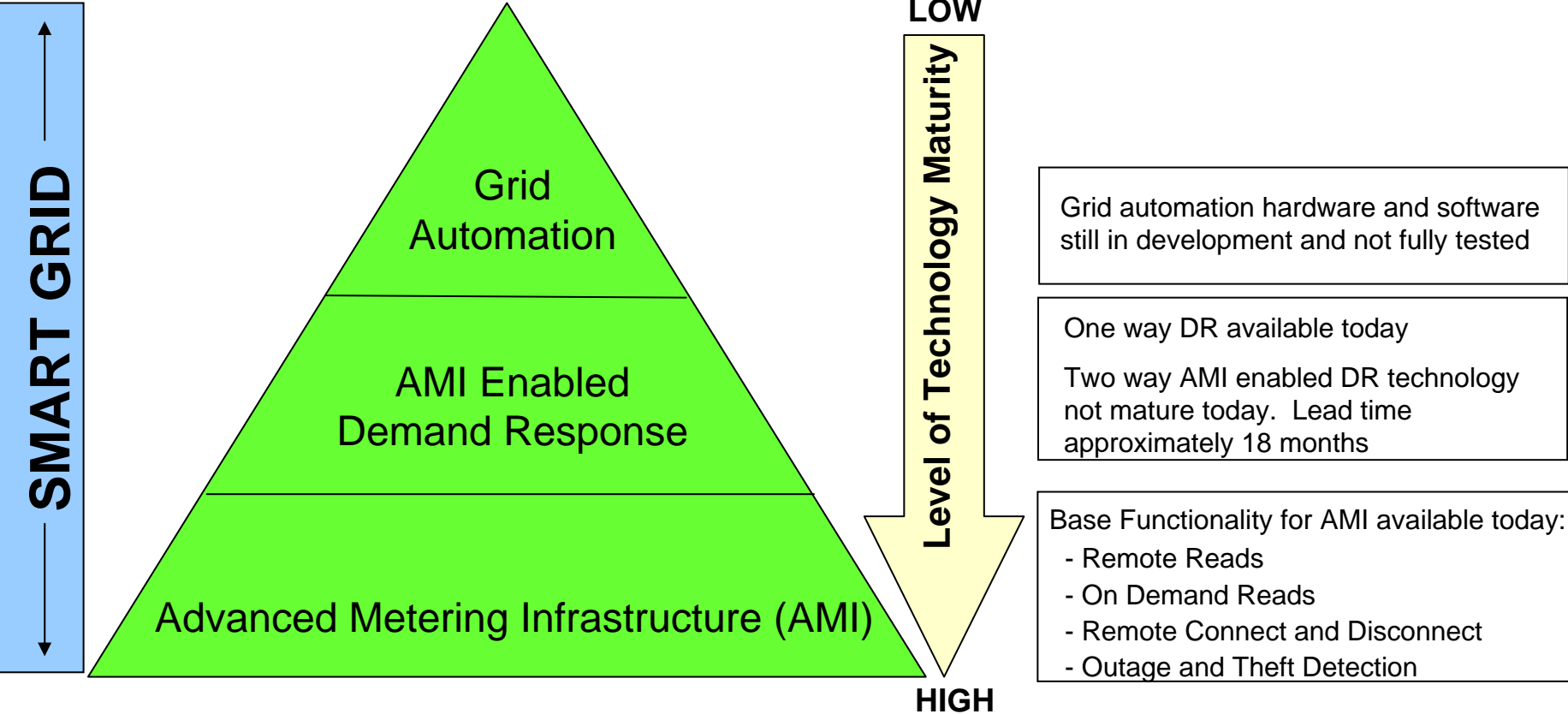
- 1. Traditional Time of Use (TOU)

- 2. In Home Device Enabled Pricing Programs
 - TOU with In Home Display
 - Critical Peak Pricing (buy through demand response)
 - Peak Time Rebates
 - Real Time Pricing
 - Pre-Pay

ENERGY USE		RATE A	
NOW: 3.726 KW		BREAKDOWN	
CURRENT		RATE	KWH
TOTAL ENERGY		A\$\$\$:	88
580 KWH		B\$\$:	89
ESTIMATED COST		C\$:	383
\$ 39.20		D:	20
SEE PREVIOUS		EXIT	



Components to Building a Smart Grid – Industry View



NEXT STEPS

- Continue to work with the City Council and other stakeholders to develop an integrated DSM approach and the regulatory framework to implement cost effective DSM programs on a larger scale
- Roll out initial energy efficiency programs that address low hanging fruit and the immediate needs of the Community
- Develop and implement rate designs that support DSM pricing program
- Continue to move forward with the development and implementation of enabling technologies (AMI / Smart Grid)